SUSTAINABLE SOLUTIONS FOR MINING AND REMEDIATION



NOVEL PROCESS

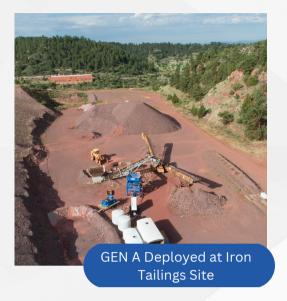
- HPSA is a mechanical process (i.e. no chemicals) leveraging particle - particle collisions.
- HPSA focuses on liberating minerals along their intergranular boundary lines, creating a much more efficient liberation at particle sizes that are coarser than the industry standard.
- Slurries are transported by high-pressure pumps through opposing nozzles, creating impinging jets contained in a collision housing.

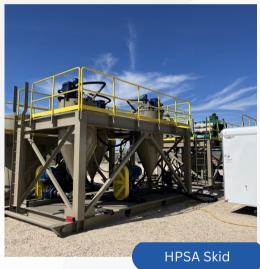


- HPSA uses the difference in Mohs hardness between the base mineral and target mineral for selective liberation, which provides a more energy efficient alternative to conventional grinding mills.
- By liberating target minerals from the gangue, the post-HPSA material can be more efficiently separated by size classification or flotation for increased grade and recovery.
- Due to HPSA's ability to selectively liberate, the target minerals are efficiently concentrated earlier in the processing sequence, which reduces the amount of overall material that needs processing. This creates opportunities to reduce or remove downstream unit operations.

CONTINUOUS OPERATION

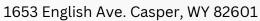
- HPSA can be used as a stand alone system (typically for remediation and tailings applications) or as a "plug and play" unit in the grinding/regrinding stage of the processing circuit (replacing the need for ball mills, rod mills, and/or attrition scrubbers).
- Throughput scaling options based on processing needs currently offering units with a range up to 50 TPH.
- Units can be applied to any circuit with minerals that benefit from selective liberation. Successful applications currently include, but are not limited to: Uranium / Vanadium / Phosphate / Potash / Graphite / Copper / Molybdenum / Gold / REEs.



















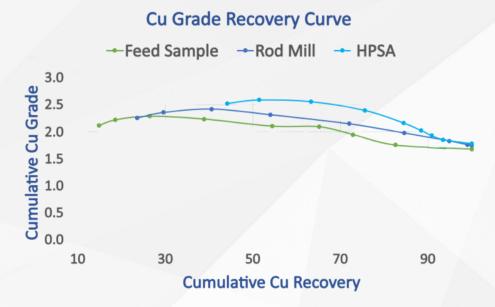


APPLICATION

- HPSA was benchmarked against a rod mill for a copper-uranium regrind circuit.
- Results showed HPSA was able to outperform the rod mill for both copper grade and recovery, for the -200 mesh size fractions.

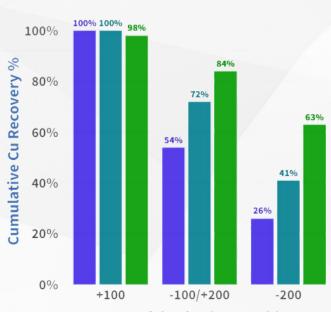
GRADE & RECOVERY

 Compared to the rod mill, HPSA increased copper grade by 13% and recovery by 22% for the fine size fractions.



HPSA RECOVERY

Normalized Cu Recovery ■ Feed ■ Rod Mill ■ HPSA



Particle Size (US mesh)

- HPSA increased both grade and recovery when benchmarked against the rod mill. This creates the opportunity for HPSA to replace the rod mill and reduce downstream processing.
- Due to HPSA's selective liberation, the valuable mineral is concentrated into less mass, reducing the total volume of downstream processing. This presents the opportunity for HPSA to replace the current mill and downstream unit operations in the processing circuit.